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Airports ban liquids on planes

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14 August, 2006

THE ARTICLE

Airports ban liquids on planes

International airports have started new security controls after British police uncovered a plan to bomb airplanes crossing the Atlantic. Five years after the 911 attacks, terrorists are still trying to finding ways to get past airport safety checks. Last week's failed bombings of transatlantic planes are proof that air travel is still not 100 per cent safe. A gang planned to make bombs on board airliners using liquids, which x-ray machines cannot detect. Airports have now banned all liquids from carry-on luggage. For many destinations, only essential items can be checked in. Everything else must be stored in the airplane's cargo area. This includes laptop computers and even electronic car keys. Mothers have to drink the baby milk they carry to prove it is not dangerous.

The new measures are causing a lot of trouble at major airports. London's Heathrow has canceled one third of its daily flights. Airlines are angry at the cancellations. They think the new security controls cannot work for a long period of time. Traveling has also become more difficult for passengers. Business travelers may switch to private jets so they can carry their computers onto the airplane. Many executives may consider the small extra cost would be better than having no hand baggage. Economy class passengers are sure to worry about their valuables, which might get lost, stolen or broken after check-in. Most airlines do not pay passengers for damage to or loss of personal items.

WARM-UPS

1. NEAR BOMBINGS: Walk around the class and find out as much information you can about the near bombings of the transatlantic airplanes. When you have finished, find a new partner and share what you found out.

2. CHAT: In pairs / groups, decide which of these topics or words from the article are most interesting and which are most boring.

Emergencies / security / plans / airplanes / 911 / air travel / x-rays / luggage / milk / airports / being angry / traveling / business travelers / hand baggage / valuables

Have a chat about the topics you liked. For more conversation, change topics and partners frequently.

3. TRAVEL HABITS: With your partner(s), talk about how your life would change if these ways of traveling became too dangerous. Change partner(s) and share what you talked about.

- Airplanes
- Trains
- Subways
- Buses

- Boats
- Bicycles
- Taxis
- Other _____

4. QUICK DEBATE: Students A believe airline passengers should not be allowed to carry anything onto the airplane. Students B believe that if security is tight, hand luggage is OK. Debate this with your partners. Change partners often.

5. SENTENCE STARTERS: With your partner(s), finish these sentence starters. Change partner(s) and talk about the sentences you made.

a.	Flying should
	Terrorism can
	Airline safety is not
d.	Liquids are
	The safest way to travel is
f.	The war on terror
g.	Terrorists should
h.	Airline passengers need

6. TERRORISM: Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with terrorism. Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

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BEFORE READING / LISTENING

1. TRUE / FALSE: Look at the article's headline and guess whether these sentences are true (T) or false (F):

a.	British police uncovered a plan to bomb airports.	T / F
b.	It is still not 100 per cent safe to travel by airplane.	T / F
с.	Airports have banned liquids from cabin and hold luggage.	T / F
d.	Mothers have to drink baby milk to prove to check-in staff it is safe.	T / F
e.	The new rules have caused very little trouble at airports.	T / F
f.	Airlines say the measures cannot be continued for a long time.	T / F
g.	Many business travelers may switch to private jets.	T / F
h.	Most airlines pay passengers for damage to or loss of personal items	T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH: Match the following synonyms from the article:

a.	security	necessary
b.	proof	luggage
с.	detect	safety
d.	essential	furious
e.	prove	evidence
f.	trouble	show
g.	angry	think
h.	switch	problems
i.	consider	change
j.	baggage	spot

3. PHRASE MATCH: Match the following phrases from the article (sometimes more than one combination is possible):

a.	security	100 per cent safe
b.	British police uncovered	of trouble
c.	proof that air travel is still not	can be checked in
d.	only essential items	cargo area
e.	stored in the airplane's	to worry about their valuables
f.	causing a lot	controls
g.	London's Heathrow has canceled one	to private jets
h.	Business travelers may switch	damage to or loss of personal items
i.	passengers are sure	a plan to bomb airplanes

WHILE READING / LISTENING

GAP FILL: Put the words in the column on the right into the gaps in the text.

Airports ban liquids on planes

International airports have started new _____ controls stored after British police uncovered a plan to bomb airplanes past ______ the Atlantic. Five years after the 911 attacks, luggage terrorists are still trying to finding ways to get _____ machines airport safety checks. Last week's failed bombings of transatlantic security planes are that air travel is still not 100 per cent prove safe. A gang planned to make bombs on board airliners using proof liquids, which x-ray _____ cannot detect. Airports have crossing now banned all liquids from carry-on ______. For many destinations, only essential items can be checked in. Everything else must be _____ in the airplane's cargo area. This includes laptop computers and even electronic car keys. Mothers have to drink the baby milk they carry to ______ it is not dangerous.

The new measures are ______ a lot of trouble at major valuables airports. London's Heathrow has canceled one third of its daily switch flights. Airlines are angry at the _____. They think the new cancellations security controls cannot work for a long _____ of time. items Traveling has also become more difficult for passengers. Business cost travelers may ______ to private jets so they can carry their causing computers onto the airplane. Many executives may consider the check-in small extra ______ would be better than having no hand period baggage. Economy class passengers are sure to worry about their _____, which might get lost, stolen or broken after . Most airlines do not pay passengers for damage to or loss of personal ______.

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Airports ban liquids on planes – 14 August, 2006 (easier)

LISTENING

Listen and fill in the spaces.

Airports ban liquids on planes

International airports have _______ security controls after British police uncovered a plan to bomb airplanes crossing the Atlantic. Five years after the 911 attacks, terrorists are still trying _______ to get past airport safety checks. Last week's failed bombings of transatlantic planes are ______ air travel is still not 100 per cent safe. A gang planned to make bombs on board airliners using liquids, which x-ray machines cannot detect. Airports have now banned _______ from carry-on luggage. For many destinations, only essential items can be checked in. Everything else must ______ in the airplane's cargo area. This includes laptop computers and even electronic car keys. Mothers have to drink the baby milk they carry _______ is not dangerous.

The new measures are causing a ______ at major airports. London's Heathrow has canceled one ______ daily flights. Airlines are angry at the cancellations. They think the new security controls cannot work ______ period of time. Traveling has also become more difficult for passengers. Business travelers may switch to private jets ______ carry their computers onto the airplane. Many executives may consider the small extra cost would be better than having no hand baggage. Economy class passengers are ______ about their valuables, which might get lost, stolen or broken after check-in. Most airlines do not pay passengers for damage ______ personal items.

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AFTER READING / LISTENING

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionaries / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words **'security'** and **'control'**.

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS: Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.

- Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

3. GAP FILL: In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?

4. VOCABULARY: Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.

5. STUDENT "FLIGHT SAFETY" SURVEY: In pairs / groups, write down questions about flight safety and how to stop terrorists from bombing airplanes.

- Ask other classmates your questions and note down their answers.
- Go back to your original partner / group and compare your findings.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

6. TEST EACH OTHER: Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall exactly how these were used in the text:

- started
- past
- 100 per cent
- detect
- stored
- drink

- major
- angry
- switch
- consider
- valuables
- personal

DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- a. Did the headline make you want to read the article?
- b. Do you like flying?
- c. Has this news made you more worried about flying?
- d. Do you think airline authorities can make flights 100 per cent safe?
- e. What should happen to the people who wanted to bomb the airplanes?
- f. Would the new carry-on luggage rules cause you problems?
- g. What do you think are the best ways to make flying 100 per cent safe?
- h. Have you ever experienced big problems while traveling?
- i. How would you feel about your flight suddenly being canceled?
- j. When was the last time you were angry about something?

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- a. Did you like reading this article?
- b. What do you think about what you read?
- c. Do you think carry-on luggage will become a thing of the past?
- d. What are the worst things about traveling for you especially by air?
- e. When do you think terrorists will stop trying to blow up airplanes?
- f. Should people be allowed to carry laptop computers onto airplanes?
- g. Do you think airlines should pay passengers for anything that is lost, stolen or broken in suitcases?
- h. Do you think first class travelers should have to follow the same rules as economy class travelers?
- i. Would you pay more money for an air ticket to cover extra security at airports?
- j. Did you like this discussion?

AFTER DISCUSSION: Join another partner / group and tell them what you talked about.

- a. What was the most interesting thing you heard?
- b. Was there a question you didn't like?
- c. Was there something you totally disagreed with?
- d. What did you like talking about?
- e. Which was the most difficult question?

HOMEWORK

1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION: Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.

2. INTERNET: Search the Internet and find more information about the latest news on the attempted airplane bombings. Talk about what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.

3. SECURITY MEASURES: Make an outline of how you would increase safety for passengers on airplanes. What security controls would you introduce at airports and on airplanes? Show your outline to your classmates in the next lesson. Talk about which ones you liked best and why.

4. DIARY: You are at the airport. Your flight home has been canceled. Your next flight is three days from now. Write your diary/journal entry for your first day waiting at the airport. Read your entry to your classmates in the next lesson. Which entry did you like best and why?

ANSWERS

TR	TRUE / FALSE:							
a. F	ь. т	c. F	d. T	e. F	f. T	g. T	h. F	
SY	SYNONYM MATCH:							
a.	security			safety	/			
b.	proof			evide	nce			
с.	detect			spot				
d.	essential			neces	sary			
e.	prove			show				
f.	trouble			proble	ems			
g.	angry			furiou	IS			
h.	switch			chang	je			
i.	consider			think	think			
j.	baggage				luggage			
PH	RASE MATCH:							
a.	security			contro	ols			
b.	British police uncovered			a plan to bomb airplanes				
с.	proof that air travel is still not			100 per cent safe				
d.	only essential items			can b	can be checked in			
e.	stored in the air	rplane's		cargo	area			
f.	causing a lot			of tro	uble			
g.	London's Heath	row has cance	eled one	third	of its daily fl	ights		
h.	Business travel	ers may switc	:h	to priv	vate jets			
i.	passengers are	sure		to wo	rry about th	eir valuables		
j.	airlines do not p	bay passenge	rs for	dama	ge to or loss	s of personal i	tems	

GAP FILL:

Airports ban liquids on planes

International airports have started new **security** controls after British police uncovered a plan to bomb airplanes **crossing** the Atlantic. Five years after the 911 attacks, terrorists are still trying to finding ways to get **past** airport safety checks. Last week's failed bombings of transatlantic planes are **proof** that air travel is still not 100 per cent safe. A gang planned to make bombs on board airliners using liquids, which x-ray **machines** cannot detect. Airports have now banned all liquids from carry-on **luggage**. For many destinations, only essential items can be checked in. Everything else must be **stored** in the airplane's cargo area. This includes laptop computers and even electronic car keys. Mothers have to drink the baby milk they carry to **prove** it is not dangerous.

The new measures are **causing** a lot of trouble at major airports. London's Heathrow has canceled one third of its daily flights. Airlines are angry at the **cancellations**. They think the new security controls cannot work for a long **period** of time. Traveling has also become more difficult for passengers. Business travelers may **switch** to private jets so they can carry their computers onto the airplane. Many executives may consider the small extra **cost** would be better than having no hand baggage. Economy class passengers are sure to worry about their **valuables**, which might get lost, stolen or broken after **check-in**. Most airlines do not pay passengers for damage to or loss of personal **items**.