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**Level 3 – 11th May 2023**

## **Animal testing for cosmetics to restart in U.K.**

**FREE online quizzes, mp3 listening and more for this lesson here:**

<https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

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**Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).**

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# THE ARTICLE

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

The government in the U.K. will allow cosmetics to be tested on animals for the first time in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was still allowed on animals if there were great benefits for humans. This meant scientists could test chemicals on animals to develop new medicines. However, a court in London said animal testing for cosmetics could start again. The judges in the court followed European Union laws on the safer use of chemicals in animal testing. One chemical that can now be tested on animals is already widely used. It is in sunscreen, foundation and skincare products. The U.K. government said it was "committed to the protection of animals in science".

Many people are angry with the government's decision. Surprisingly, many cosmetics companies are unhappy. A group called Cruelty Free International, which is made up of over 80 cosmetics brands, wrote a letter to the U.K. government. It said changing the law was a terrible decision. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating blow to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this appalling practice." A scientist at Unilever, one of the world's largest cosmetic companies, said testing was "unnecessary". She said that with today's technology, testing could be carried out without using animals.

Sources: <https://www.iflscience.com/uk-government-to-allow-animal-testing-for-cosmetics-after-25-year-ban-68801>  
<https://www.bbc.com/news/science-environment-65484552>  
<https://www.express.co.uk/news/uk/1766972/Outrage-animal-tests-makeup-resume-25-year-ban>

# WARM-UPS

**1. COSMETICS:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about cosmetics. Change partners often and share your findings.

**2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

government / cosmetics / testing / animal / humans / chemicals / sunscreen / science  
angry / decision / cruelty / brands / millions / devastating / campaign / technology

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

**3. NO TESTING:** Students A **strongly** believe we should never test on animals; Students B **strongly** believe the opposite. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.

**4. ANIMALS:** Should animals be used for these things? Why / Why not? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	Should They Be Used?	Why? / Why Not?
Testing on cosmetics		
Pets		
Food		
Zoos		
Hunting		
Sport		

**5. SCIENTIST:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "scientist". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

**6. THE BEST ANIMALS:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best animals at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

- Dogs
- Lions
- Rabbits
- Horses
- Chimpanzees
- Elephants
- Cats
- Bears

# VOCABULARY MATCHING

## Paragraph 1

- |               |   |
|---------------|---|
| 1. allow      | a. A good thing that comes from or because of something.                |
| 2. banned     | b. Let someone have or do something.                                    |
| 3. benefit    | c. Grow and become more bigger or better.                               |
| 4. develop    | d. A drug that makes our body better if we are ill.                     |
| 5. medicine   | e. Officially stopped someone / people from doing something.            |
| 6. committed  | f. The action of keeping harm or danger away from something or someone. |
| 7. protection | g. Putting all of your effort and energy into doing something.          |

## Paragraph 2

- |                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| 8. angry        | h. The result or conclusion of deciding something.              |
| 9. decision     | i. Very, very shocking or damaging.                             |
| 10. brand       | j. Feeling or showing strong annoyance, displeasure, rage, etc. |
| 11. terrible    | k. A type of product made by a company under a well-known name. |
| 12. devastating | l. A sudden shock or disappointment.                            |
| 13. blow        | m. Extremely bad or serious.                                    |
| 14. carried out | n. Do something; perform a task.                                |

# BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

## 1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

1. Testing on animals for cosmetics could not be done in the UK in 1999. **T / F**
2. Testing on animals for medicines was OK in the UK in 1999. **T / F**
3. The European Union said the UK could test on animals again. **T / F**
4. The UK government said it wants to protect animals in science. **T / F**
5. Cosmetics companies are angry with the UK's decision. **T / F**
6. A group of 18 cosmetics companies wrote a letter to the government. **T / F**
7. Unilever is the world's largest cosmetics company. **T / F**
8. A scientist said using technology was better than using animals. **T / F**

## 2. SYNONYM MATCH: (The words in **bold** are from the news article.)

- |                        |                 |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. <b>allow</b>        | a. advantages   |
| 2. <b>banned</b>       | b. really bad   |
| 3. <b>benefits</b>     | c. make up      |
| 4. <b>cosmetics</b>    | d. furious      |
| 5. <b>protection</b>   | e. let          |
| 6. <b>angry</b>        | f. shock        |
| 7. <b>terrible</b>     | g. safe keeping |
| 8. <b>blow</b>         | h. prohibited   |
| 9. <b>unnecessary</b>  | i. done         |
| 10. <b>carried out</b> | j. needless     |

## 3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- |  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1. for the first time                  | a. are unhappy           |
| 2. great benefits for                  | b. of chemicals          |
| 3. develop new                         | c. to end this           |
| 4. laws on the safer use               | d. 80 cosmetics brands   |
| 5. foundation and                      | e. humans                |
| 6. many cosmetics companies            | f. without using animals |
| 7. made up of over                     | g. skincare products     |
| 8. changing the law was a              | h. in 25 years           |
| 9. people who have supported campaigns | i. terrible decision     |
| 10. testing could be carried out       | j. medicines             |

# GAP FILL

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

The government in the U.K. will (1) \_\_\_\_\_ cosmetics to be tested on animals for the first time in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was (2) \_\_\_\_\_ allowed on animals if there were great benefits for humans. This (3) \_\_\_\_\_ scientists could test chemicals on animals to develop new medicines. However, a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ in London said animal testing for cosmetics could start again. The (5) \_\_\_\_\_ in the court followed European Union laws on the safer use of chemicals in animal testing. One (6) \_\_\_\_\_ that can now be tested on animals is already widely used. It is in (7) \_\_\_\_\_, foundation and skincare products. The U.K. government said it was "committed to the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of animals in science".

*court*  
*still*  
*chemical*  
*allow*  
*protection*  
*judges*  
*meant*  
*sunscreen*

Many people are angry with the government's (9) \_\_\_\_\_. Surprisingly, many cosmetics companies are (10) \_\_\_\_\_. A group called Cruelty Free International, which is made up of over 80 cosmetics (11) \_\_\_\_\_, wrote a letter to the U.K. government. It said (12) \_\_\_\_\_ the law was a terrible decision. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating (13) \_\_\_\_\_ to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to (14) \_\_\_\_\_ this appalling practice." A scientist at Unilever, one of the world's (15) \_\_\_\_\_ cosmetic companies, said testing was "unnecessary". She said that with today's technology, testing could be (16) \_\_\_\_\_ out without using animals.

*changing*  
*unhappy*  
*largest*  
*brands*  
*carried*  
*blow*  
*decision*  
*end*

# LISTENING – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

- 1) It was still allowed on animals if there were great \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. benefits four humans
  - b. benefits for humans
  - c. benefits form humans
  - d. benefits fore humans
- 2) The judges in the court followed European Union laws on the safer \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. used of chemicals
  - b. usage chemicals
  - c. use of chemicals
  - d. use off chemicals
- 3) One chemical that can now be tested on animals is \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. all ready widely used
  - b. already wide reused
  - c. all ready wide reused
  - d. already widely used
- 4) It is in sunscreen, foundation \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. and skint care products
  - b. and skink are products
  - c. and skin car products
  - d. and skincare products
- 5) The U.K. government said it was committed to the protection of \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. animal sin science
  - b. animals in science
  - c. animals' sin science
  - d. animals on science
- 6) Many people are angry with \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. the government's decision
  - b. a government's decisions
  - c. the government decision
  - d. the government's decisions
- 7) A group called Cruelty Free International, which is made up of over \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. 18 cosmetics brands
  - b. 80 cosmetic brands
  - c. 80 cosmetics brands
  - d. 18 cosmetics brand
- 8) Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. a devastate tin blow
  - b. a devastate in blow
  - c. a devastated blow
  - d. a devastating blow
- 9) one of the world's largest cosmetic companies said \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. testing was as necessary
  - b. testing was unnecessary
  - c. testing was non-necessary
  - d. testing wasn't unnecessary
- 10) She said that with today's technology, testing could \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. be carried out
  - b. be carry doubt
  - c. be carried doubt
  - d. be carries doubt

# LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

The government in the U.K. (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to be tested on animals for the first time in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was still allowed on animals if there were (2) \_\_\_\_\_ humans. This meant scientists could test chemicals on animals to develop new medicines. However, a court in London said animal testing for cosmetics (3) \_\_\_\_\_. The judges in the court followed European Union laws on the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ chemicals in animal testing. One chemical that can now be tested on animals is already widely used. It is in sunscreen, foundation (5) \_\_\_\_\_. The U.K. government said it was "committed to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ animals in science".

Many people are angry with the government's decision. Surprisingly, many cosmetics companies are unhappy. (7) \_\_\_\_\_ Cruelty Free International, which is made (8) \_\_\_\_\_ 80 cosmetics brands, wrote a letter to the U.K. government. It said changing the law was (9) \_\_\_\_\_. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a (10) \_\_\_\_\_ the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this appalling practice." A scientist at Unilever, one (11) \_\_\_\_\_ largest cosmetic companies, said testing was "unnecessary". She said that with today's technology, testing could (12) \_\_\_\_\_ without using animals.



# COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

1. When was animal testing for cosmetics banned in the UK?
2. Where is the court where judges decided animal testing could continue?
3. What did judges in the court follow?
4. In what is a chemical widely used besides sunscreen and foundation?
5. What did the UK government say it was committed to protect?
6. How do cosmetics companies feel about the UK government's decision?
7. How many cosmetics companies joined together to write a letter?
8. What company said the decision was a "devastating blow"?
9. What is one of the world's largest cosmetics companies?
10. What could be used to test cosmetics instead of animals?

# MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

- 1) When was animal testing for cosmetics banned in the UK?
  - a) 1999
  - b) 1998
  - c) 1989
  - d) 1988
- 2) Where is the court where judges decided animal testing could continue?
  - a) Brussels
  - b) the European Union headquarters
  - c) London
  - d) Paris
- 3) What did judges in the court follow?
  - a) the UK government
  - b) their leaders
  - c) their noses
  - d) European Union laws
- 4) In what is a chemical widely used besides sunscreen and foundation?
  - a) nail polish
  - b) skincare products
  - c) lipstick
  - d) pet food
- 5) What did the UK government say it was committed to protect?
  - a) animals in science
  - b) cosmetics companies
  - c) science
  - d) the European Union
- 6) How do cosmetics companies feel about the UK government's decision?
  - a) unhappy
  - b) relieved
  - c) angry
  - d) happy
- 7) How many cosmetics companies joined together to write a letter?
  - a) around 80
  - b) just fewer than 80
  - c) exactly 80
  - d) more than 80
- 8) What company said the decision was a "devastating blow"?
  - a) the Face Shop
  - b) Cosmetics Inc.
  - c) the Body Shop
  - d) Skincare Care
- 9) What is one of the world's largest cosmetics companies?
  - a) Mary Quant
  - b) Revlon
  - c) Chanel
  - d) Unilever
- 10) What could be used to test cosmetics instead of animals?
  - a) ChatGPT
  - b) technology
  - c) fish
  - d) insects

# ROLE PLAY

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

## **Role A – Dogs**

You think dogs are the best animals. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their animals. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): horses, chimpanzees or cats.

## **Role B – Horses**

You think horses are the best animals. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their animals. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): dogs, chimpanzees or cats.

## **Role C – Chimpanzees**

You think chimpanzees are the best animals. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their animals. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): horses, dogs or cats.

## **Role D – Cats**

You think cats are the best animals. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their animals. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): horses, chimpanzees or dogs.

# AFTER READING / LISTENING

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

**1. WORD SEARCH:** Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'cosmetics' and 'animals'.

cosmetics	animals

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

**2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.

- Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

**3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?

**4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.

**5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• allow</li><li>• great</li><li>• new</li><li>• judges</li><li>• widely</li><li>• science</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• angry</li><li>• 80</li><li>• terrible</li><li>• blow</li><li>• largest</li><li>• carried</li></ul>
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# COSMETICS SURVEY

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

Write five GOOD questions about cosmetics in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1 _____	STUDENT 2 _____	STUDENT 3 _____
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

# COSMETICS DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1. What did you think when you read the headline?
2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'cosmetics'?
3. What do you think of cosmetics?
4. Are cosmetics good value for money?
5. Should cosmetics be tested on animals?
6. Should animals be used to test anything?
7. Are cosmetics more important than animal rights?
8. What cosmetics do you use?
9. What do you think of skincare products?
10. What advice do you have for the U.K. government?

*Animal testing for cosmetics to restart in U.K. – 11th May 2023*  
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# COSMETICS DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'test'?
13. What do you think about what you read?
14. Do people need to use cosmetics?
15. Is looking natural better than using cosmetics?
16. Why are cosmetics companies angry about testing on animals?
17. How can we end cruelty to animals?
18. Can people wear too much cosmetics?
19. Can cosmetics harm our skin?
20. What questions would you like to ask a cosmetics company boss?

# DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_

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# DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_

# LANGUAGE - CLOZE

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

The government in the U.K. will (1) \_\_\_\_\_ cosmetics to be tested on animals for the first time in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was still allowed on animals if there were great (2) \_\_\_\_\_ for humans. This meant scientists could test chemicals on animals to (3) \_\_\_\_\_ new medicines. However, a court in London said animal testing for cosmetics could start again. The judges in the court (4) \_\_\_\_\_ European Union laws on the safer use of chemicals in animal testing. One chemical that can now be tested on animals is already (5) \_\_\_\_\_ used. It is in sunscreen, foundation and skincare products. The U.K. government said it was "committed to the protection of animals (6) \_\_\_\_\_ science".

Many people are (7) \_\_\_\_\_ with the government's decision. Surprisingly, many cosmetics companies are unhappy. A group called Cruelty Free International, which is made (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of over 80 cosmetics brands, wrote a letter to the U.K. government. It said changing the law was a (9) \_\_\_\_\_ decision. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating (10) \_\_\_\_\_ to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this (11) \_\_\_\_\_ practice." A scientist at Unilever, one of the world's largest cosmetic companies, said testing was "unnecessary". She said that with today's technology, testing could be carried (12) \_\_\_\_\_ without using animals.

**Put the correct words from the table below in the above article.**

- |     |                |               |               |                 |
|-----|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1.  | (a) let        | (b) allow     | (c) give      | (d) try         |
| 2.  | (a) beneficial | (b) benefits  | (c) benefited | (d) benefitting |
| 3.  | (a) elope      | (b) cope      | (c) envelope  | (d) develop     |
| 4.  | (a) chased     | (b) followed  | (c) stalked   | (d) trailed     |
| 5.  | (a) shortly    | (b) loudly    | (c) lengthily | (d) widely      |
| 6.  | (a) of         | (b) at        | (c) in        | (d) by          |
| 7.  | (a) angry      | (b) anger     | (c) angrily   | (d) angers      |
| 8.  | (a) down       | (b) in        | (c) up        | (d) out         |
| 9.  | (a) terror     | (b) terrific  | (c) terrify   | (d) terrible    |
| 10. | (a) blow       | (b) puff      | (c) gust      | (d) wheeze      |
| 11. | (a) appalling  | (b) appealing | (c) a paling  | (d) apparel     |
| 12. | (a) out        | (b) up        | (c) in        | (d) by          |



# SPELLING

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

## Paragraph 1

1. there were great btnifees for humans
2. develop new eimneidcs
3. One hcicamle that can now be tested
4. foundation and skincare scoruptd
5. The U.K. government said it was dttoiemmc
6. the icoterotpn of animals

## Paragraph 2

7. angry with the government's cdoisnei
8. rculeyt free
9. made up of over 80 cosmetics nsdabr
10. a vsianagdett blow
11. end this llnpiapag practice
12. testing was cseaensnyru

# PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

**Number these lines in the correct order.**

- ( ) chemical that can now be tested on animals is already widely used. It is in sunscreen, foundation
- ( ) and skincare products. The U.K. government said it was "committed to the protection of animals in science".
- ( ) medicines. However, a court in London said animal testing for cosmetics could start
- ( ) Many people are angry with the government's decision. Surprisingly, many cosmetics
- ( **1** ) The government in the U.K. will allow cosmetics to be tested on animals for the first time
- ( ) for humans. This meant scientists could test chemicals on animals to develop new
- ( ) Unilever, one of the world's largest cosmetic companies, said testing was
- ( ) "unnecessary". She said that with today's technology, testing could be carried out without using animals.
- ( ) decision. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating
- ( ) blow to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this appalling practice." A scientist at
- ( ) companies are unhappy. A group called Cruelty Free International, which is made up of over
- ( ) in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was still allowed on animals if there were great benefits
- ( ) again. The judges in the court followed European Union laws on the safer use of chemicals in animal testing. One
- ( ) 80 cosmetics brands, wrote a letter to the U.K. government. It said changing the law was a terrible

# PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

1. benefits there humans . If great for were
2. animals develop new Test chemicals on to medicines .
3. could start testing Animal for cosmetics again .
4. on chemical can be One that tested animals .
5. animals . of was protection It the committed to
6. angry are government's decision . Many with people the
7. be devastating . would cosmetics testing Animal for
8. end to have who People this . campaigns supported
9. world's It's companies . the of one largest cosmetic
10. animals . carried out Testing could without be using

# CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

The government in the U.K. will *allow / let* cosmetics to be tested on animals for the first time in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was still allowed *on / in* animals if there were great *benefit / benefits* for humans. This meant scientists could test *chemical / chemicals* on animals to develop new medicines. However, a court *at / in* London said animal testing for cosmetics could start again. The judges in the court *chased / followed* European Union laws on the *safer / safety* use of chemicals in animal testing. One chemical that can now be tested on animals is already *shortly / widely* used. It is in sunscreen, foundation and skincare *products / produce*. The U.K. government said it was "committed *at / to* the protection of animals in science".

Many people are *angrily / angry* with the government's decision. Surprisingly, many cosmetics companies are *unhappily / unhappy*. A group called Cruelty Free International, which is *made / created* up of over 80 cosmetics brands, wrote *the / a* letter to the U.K. government. It said changing the law was a terrible *decide / decision*. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating *blow / puff* to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this *appalling / appealing* practice." A scientist at Unilever, *one / two* of the world's largest cosmetic companies, said testing was "unnecessary". She said that with today's *technology / technological*, testing could be carried *in / out* without using animals.

**Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct. Look up the definition of new words.**

# INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

Th\_ g\_v\_rnm\_nt \_n th\_ \_K. w\_ll \_ll\_w c\_sm\_t\_cs t\_ b\_ t\_st\_d \_n \_n\_m\_ls f\_r th\_ f\_rst t\_m\_ \_n 25 y\_\_rs. \_t b\_nn\_d t\_st\_ng \_n 1998. \_t w\_s st\_ll \_ll\_w\_d \_n \_n\_m\_ls \_f th\_r\_ w\_r\_ gr\_\_t b\_n\_f\_ts f\_r h\_m\_ns. Th\_s m\_\_nt sc\_\_nt\_sts c\_\_ld t\_st ch\_m\_c\_ls \_n \_n\_m\_ls t\_ d\_v\_l\_p n\_w m\_d\_c\_n\_s. H\_w\_v\_r, \_ c\_\_rt \_n L\_nd\_n s\_\_d \_n\_m\_l t\_st\_ng f\_r c\_sm\_t\_cs c\_\_ld st\_rt \_g\_\_n. Th\_ j\_dg\_s \_n th\_ c\_\_rt f\_ll\_w\_d \_\_r\_p\_\_n \_n\_\_n l\_ws \_n th\_ s\_f\_r \_s\_ \_f ch\_m\_c\_ls \_n \_n\_m\_l t\_st\_ng. \_n\_ ch\_m\_c\_l th\_t c\_n n\_w b\_ t\_st\_d \_n \_n\_m\_ls \_s \_lr\_\_dy w\_d\_ly \_s\_d. \_t \_s \_n s\_nscr\_\_n, f\_\_nd\_t\_\_n \_nd sk\_nc\_r\_ pr\_d\_cts. Th\_ \_K. g\_v\_rnm\_nt s\_\_d \_t w\_s "c\_mm\_tt\_d t\_ th\_ pr\_t\_ct\_\_n \_f \_n\_m\_ls \_n sc\_\_nc\_".

M\_ny p\_\_pl\_ \_r\_ \_ngry w\_th th\_ g\_v\_rnm\_nt's d\_c\_s\_\_n. S\_rpr\_s\_ngly, m\_ny c\_sm\_t\_cs c\_mpn\_\_s \_r\_ \_nh\_ppy. \_ gr\_\_p c\_ll\_d Cr\_\_lty Fr\_\_ \_nt\_rn\_t\_\_n\_l, wh\_ch \_s m\_d\_ \_p \_f \_v\_r 80 c\_sm\_t\_cs br\_nds, wr\_t\_ \_ l\_tt\_r t\_ th\_ \_K. g\_v\_rnm\_nt. \_t s\_\_d ch\_ng\_ng th\_ l\_w w\_s \_ t\_rr\_bl\_ d\_c\_s\_\_n. \_ sp\_k\_sp\_rs\_n f\_r th\_ B\_dy Sh\_p s\_\_d: "\_ll\_w\_ng \_n\_m\_l t\_st\_ng f\_r c\_sm\_t\_cs w\_\_ld b\_ \_ d\_v\_st\_t\_ng bl\_w t\_ th\_ m\_ll\_\_ns \_f p\_\_pl\_ wh\_ h\_v\_ s\_pp\_rt\_d c\_mpgns t\_ \_nd th\_s \_pp\_ll\_ng pr\_ct\_c\_." \_ sc\_\_nt\_st \_t \_n\_l\_v\_r, \_n\_ \_f th\_ w\_rld's l\_rg\_st c\_sm\_t\_c c\_mpn\_\_s, s\_\_d t\_st\_ng w\_s "\_nn\_c\_ss\_ry". Sh\_ s\_\_d th\_t w\_th t\_d\_y's t\_chn\_l\_gy, t\_st\_ng c\_\_ld b\_ c\_rr\_\_d \_\_t w\_th\_\_t \_s\_ng \_n\_m\_ls.

# PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

the government in the uk will allow cosmetics to be tested on animals for the first time in 25 years it banned testing in 1998 it was still allowed on animals if there were great benefits for humans this meant scientists could test chemicals on animals to develop new medicines however a court in london said animal testing for cosmetics could start again the judges in the court followed european union laws on the safer use of chemicals in animal testing one chemical that can now be tested on animals is already widely used it is in sunscreen foundation and skincare products the uk government said it was committed to the protection of animals in science

many people are angry with the governments decision surprisingly many cosmetics companies are unhappy a group called cruelty free international which is made up of over 80 cosmetics brands wrote a letter to the uk government it said changing the law was a terrible decision a spokesperson for the body shop said allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating blow to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this appalling practice a scientist at unilever one of the worlds largest cosmetic companies said testing was unnecessary she said that with todays technology testing could be carried out without using animals

# PUT A SLASH ( / ) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From <https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2305/230511-cosmetics-testing-on-animals.html>

The government in the U.K. will allow cosmeticstobetestedon animalsfor the first time in 25 years. It banned testing in 1998. It was still allowed on animals if there were great benefits for humans. This meant scientists could test chemicals on animals to develop new medicines. However, a court in London said animal testing for cosmetics could start again. The judges in the court followed European Union laws on the safer use of chemicals in animal testing. One chemical that cannot be tested on animals is already widely used. It is in sunscreen, foundation and skin care products. The U.K. government said it was "committed to the protection of animals in science". Many people are angry with the government's decision. Surprisingly, many cosmetics companies are unhappy. A group called Cruelty Free International, which is made up of over 80 cosmetics brands, wrote a letter to the U.K. government. It said changing the law was a terrible decision. A spokesperson for the Body Shop said: "Allowing animal testing for cosmetics would be a devastating blow to the millions of people who have supported campaigns to end this appalling practice." A scientist at Unilever, one of the world's largest cosmetic companies, said testing was "unnecessary". She said that with today's technology, testing could be carried out without using animals.







# HOMework

**1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.

**2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.

**3. COSMETICS:** Make a poster about cosmetics. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?

**4. NO TESTING:** Write a magazine article about never using animals to test cosmetics. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

**5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.

**6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on cosmetics. Ask him/her three questions about them. Give him/her three of your opinions on cosmetics. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

# ANSWERS

## VOCABULARY (p.4)

1. b    2. e    3. a    4. c    5. d    6. g    7. f  
8. j    9. h    10. k    11. m    12. i    13. l    14. n

## TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

- 1 T    2 T    3 F    4 T    5 T    6 F    7 F    8 T

## SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)

1. e	2. h	3. a	4. c	5. g
6. d	7. b	8. f	9. j	10. i

## COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9)

- 1998
- London
- European Union laws
- Skincare products
- Animals in science
- Unhappy
- Over 80
- The Body Shop
- Unilever
- Technology

## WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.19)

- If there were great benefits for humans.
- Test chemicals on animals to develop new medicines.
- Animal testing for cosmetics could start again.
- One chemical that can be tested on animals.
- It was committed to the protection of animals.
- Many people are angry with the government's decision.
- Animal testing for cosmetics would be devastating.
- People who have supported campaigns to end this.
- It's one of the world's largest cosmetic companies.
- Testing could be carried out without using animals.

## MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)

1. b    2. c    3. d    4. b    5. a    6. a    7. d    8. c    9. d    10. b

## ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2.  
(It's good for your English ;-)