www.Breaking News English.com

Ready-to-Use English Lessons by Sean Banville

"1,000 IDEAS & ACTIVITIES FOR LANGUAGE TEACHERS"

www.breakingnewsenglish.com/book.html

Thousands more free lessons from Sean's other websites

www.freeeslmaterials.com/sean banville lessons.html

Level 6

Scientists make see-through wood 19th May, 2016

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Contents

The Article	2	Discussion (Student-Created Qs)	14
Warm-Ups	3	Language Work (Cloze)	15
Before Reading / Listening	4	Spelling	16
While Reading / Listening	5	Put The Text Back Together	17
Match The Sentences And Listen	6	Put The Words In The Right Order	18
Listening Gap Fill	7	Circle The Correct Word	19
Comprehension Questions	8	Insert The Vowels (a, e, i, o, u)	20
Multiple Choice - Quiz	9	Punctuate The Text And Add Capitals	21
Role Play	10	Put A Slash (/) Where The Spaces Are	22
After Reading / Listening	11	Free Writing	23
Student Survey	12	Academic Writing	24
Discussion (20 Questions)	13	Homework	25
		Answers	26

Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).

Twitter



twitter.com/SeanBanville

Facebook



www.facebook.com/pages/BreakingNewsEnglish/155625444452176

Google +



https://plus.google.com/+SeanBanville

THE ARTICLE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Scientists have come up with a revolutionary new use for wood. They have devised a way to make it transparent. This could totally change the way many things in our lives are used and made. See-through wood could one day replace glass and be used in windows and tables, for iPhone screens, and in a whole assortment of other building materials. The innovation has come from researchers at the University of Maryland in the USA. They experimented with different ways to extract the chemicals from wood that give it colour. Researcher Liangbing Hu said: "We were very surprised by how transparent it could go. This can really open applications that can potentially replace glass and some optical materials."

The researchers worked with a small block of linden wood. They boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide and other chemicals for about two hours. A molecule called lignin, which gives wood its colour, disappeared during the boiling process. This left behind colourless cells, which effectively made the wood transparent. The see-through wood is a lot stronger and less dangerous than glass. It is better at insulating against the cold and it is biodegradable. Research is still in its infancy and the process can currently only be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks of wood that range in thickness between paper-thin and a centimeter thick. The researchers will now focus on applying the process on a much larger scale.

stronger-more-insulating-glass.htm

http://www.**engadget.com**/2016/05/16/see-through-wood/

http://www.**nytimes.com**/2016/05/12/science/see-through-wood.html

WARM-UPS

- **1. WOOD:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about wood. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

scientists / revolutionary / transparent / see-through / materials / chemicals / glass / block of wood / boiled / disappeared / cells / insulating / the cold / thickness / process

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. GLASS:** Students A **strongly** believe glass is better than wood; Students B **strongly** believe wood is better than glass. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. SEE-THROUGH:** How useful (or otherwise) would these things be if they were see-through? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	Useful	Not useful
Doors		
Cups		
Fridges		
Our body		
Politicians' minds		
Small print		

- **5. REVOLUTIONARY:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "revolutionary". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. TRANSPARENT WOOD:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best uses for transparent wood at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.
 - windows
 - tables
 - · iPhone screens
 - jam jars

- reading glasses
- · car windscreens / windshields
- light bulbs
- marbles

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. The article said the new use for wood was revolutionary. **T / F**
- b. The article says see-through wood could replace glass. T / F
- c. Researchers looked at ways to give the wood added colour. T / F
- d. Scientists were surprised at how transparent the wood became. T / F
- e. The researchers worked with large blocks of wood. **T / F**
- g. Glass is still stronger than the transparent wood. T/F
- h. The transparent wood changes so it is no longer biodegradable. T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH: Match the following synonyms from the article.

- 1. come up with
- 2. revolutionary
- 3. totally
- 4. extract
- 5. replace
- 6. block
- 7. transparent
- 8. insulating
- 9. infancy
- 10. applying

- a. remove
- b. substitute
- c. protecting
- d. clear
- e. innovative
- f. carrying out
- g. completely
- h. early stages
- i. create
- i. chunk

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. come up with a revolutionary
- 2. devised a way to make it
- 3. See-through
- 4. a whole
- 5. potentially replace
- 6. They boiled it
- 7. better at insulating
- 8. Research is still in its
- 9. blocks of wood that range
- 10. applying the process on a

- a. infancy
- b. wood
- c. in water
- d. transparent
- e. in thickness
- f. new use
- g. much larger scale
- h. glass
- i. assortment
- j. against the cold

GAP FILL

Scientists have come up with a (1) new use for	replace
wood. They have (2) a way to make it	revolutionary
transparent. This could totally change the way many things in our	innovation
lives are used and made. See-through wood could one day	
(3) glass and be used in windows and tables, for	surprised
iPhone screens, and in a whole (4) of other	devised
building materials. The (5) has come from	potentially
researchers at the University of Maryland in the USA. They	assortment
experimented with different ways to (6) the	and a ab
chemicals from wood that give it colour. Researcher Liangbing Hu	extract
said: "We were very (7) by how transparent it	
could go. This can really open applications that can	
(8) replace glass and some optical materials."	
The researchers worked with a small (9) of linden	process
wood. They (10) it in water, sodium hydroxide	insulating
and other chemicals for about two hours. A molecule called lignin,	boiled
which gives wood its colour, disappeared during the boiling	bonea
(11) This left behind colourless cells, which	range
(12) made the wood transparent. The see-	block
through wood is a lot stronger and less dangerous than glass. It	scale
is better at (13) against the cold and it is	effectively
biodegradable. Research is still in its (14) and the	infancy
process can currently only be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks of	imancy
wood that (15) in thickness between paper-thin	
and a centimeter thick. The researchers will now focus on	
applying the process on a much larger (16)	

LISTENING – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	Scientists have come up with a revolutionary new a. uses for wood b. used for wood c. user for wood d. use for wood
2)	This could totally change the way many things in our lives are a. used and make b. uses and made c. used and made d. uses and make
3)	used in windows and tables, for iPhone screens, and in a whole building materials a. a sort meant of other b. as sort meant of other c. assortment of other d. a sort mint of other
4)	They experimented with different ways to extract the chemicals a. from woods b. from woody c. from wood d. from wooded
5)	open applications that can potentially replace glass and some a. optical materials b. optically materials c. optic all materials d. opt tickle materials
6)	A molecule called lignin, which gives wood its colour, disappeared during a. the boil in process b. the boiling in process c. the boiling processes d. the boiling process
7)	This left behind colourless cells, which effectively made the a. wood transparency b. wood transparent c. wood transparencies d. wood trans apparent
8)	It is better at insulating against the cold and a. it is biodegradable b. it is biodegrading c. it is biodegraded d. it is biodegrade able
9)	blocks of wood that range in thickness between paper-thin and a. a centimeter thick b. a centimeter thickness c. a centimeter thickly d. a centimeter thicket
10	 The researchers will now focus on applying the process on a a. much larger scale b. much large a scales c. much larger scaled d. much large a scale

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

 $\textbf{From} \quad \underline{\text{http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html} \\$

	_ revolutionary new use for wood.
They have devised a way to make it tran	sparent. This could totally change
the way many things (2)	used and made. See-
through wood could (3)	glass and be used in
windows and tables, for iPhone screens, a	nd in a (4)
of other building materials. The innovation	has come from researchers at the
University of Maryland in the	USA. They experimented
(5) extract the	chemicals from wood that give it
colour. Researcher Liangbing Hu said: "\	We (6) by
how transparent it could go. This can	really open applications that can
potentially replace glass and some optical	materials."
The researchers worked with (7)	linden wood. They
The researchers worked with (7)boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar	
	nd other chemicals for about two
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar	nd other chemicals for about two
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar hours. A molecule called lignin, (8)	nd other chemicals for about two its colour, This left behind colourless
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar hours. A molecule called lignin, (8) _ disappeared during (9)	nd other chemicals for about two its colour, This left behind colourless nsparent. The see-through wood is
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar hours. A molecule called lignin, (8) _ disappeared during (9) cells, which effectively made the wood tra	its colour, This left behind colourless nsparent. The see-through wood is iss. It (10)
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar hours. A molecule called lignin, (8) _ disappeared during (9) cells, which effectively made the wood tra a lot stronger and less dangerous than gla	its colour, its colour, This left behind colourless nsparent. The see-through wood is ss. It (10) Research is still in its infancy and
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar hours. A molecule called lignin, (8) _ disappeared during (9) _ cells, which effectively made the wood tra a lot stronger and less dangerous than gla against the cold and it is biodegradable.	its colour, its colour, This left behind colourless nsparent. The see-through wood is ss. It (10) Research is still in its infancy and be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks
boiled it in water, sodium hydroxide ar hours. A molecule called lignin, (8) _ disappeared during (9) _ cells, which effectively made the wood tra a lot stronger and less dangerous than gla against the cold and it is biodegradable. the process (11)	its colour, its infaury is still in its infancy and be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks paper-thin and a centimeter thick.

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

1.	Who came up with a revolutionary new idea?
2.	What screens did the article say the transparent wood could replace?
3.	What is the name of the university that did this research?
4.	What did the chemicals the researchers extracted give to the wood?
5.	What materials besides glass could the transparent wood replace?
6.	What kind of wood did the researchers work with?
7.	For how long did researchers boil the wood?
8.	What kind of cells remained after the boiling process?
9.	What is wood better at doing than glass against the cold?
10.	How thin was the thinnest wood the researchers tested?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

- 1) Who came up with a revolutionary new idea?
- a) woodcutters
- b) scientists
- c) forestry experts
- d) carpenters
- 2) What screens did the article say the transparent wood could replace?
- a) car windscreens
- b) cinema screens
- c) iPhone screens
- d) TV screens
- 3) What is the name of the university that did this research?
- a) Glassland
- b) Woodland
- c) Disneyland
- d) Maryland
- 4) What did the chemicals the researchers extracted give to the wood?
- a) transparency
- b) colour
- c) volume
- d) smell
- 5) What materials besides glass could the transparent wood replace?
- a) optical materials
- b) biodegradable materials
- c) glassy materials
- d) waste materials

- 6) What kind of wood did the researchers work with?
- a) linden
- b) cedar
- c) pine
- d) mahogany
- 7) For how long did researchers boil the wood?
- a) just under 2 hours
- b) 2 hours and 22 seconds
- c) exactly 2 hours
- d) around 2 hours
- 8) What kind of cells remained after the boiling process?
- a) bark cells
- b) woody cells
- c) colourless cells
- d) grainy cells
- 9) What is wood better at doing than glass against the cold?
- a) seeing
- b) keeping birds out
- c) keeping rain out
- d) insulating
- 10) How thin was the thinnest wood the researchers tested?
- a) a micron-and-a-half thin
- b) paper thin
- c) as thin as a hair
- d) 1mm thin

ROLE PLAY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Role A – Windows

You think windows are the best things that could be made from transparent wood. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things would be no good. Also, tell the others which is the most useless of these (and why): iPhone screens, jam jars or car windscreens.

Role B - iPhone screens

You think iPhone screens are the best things that could be made from transparent wood. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things would be no good. Also, tell the others which is the most useless of these (and why): windows, jam jars or car windscreens.

Role C - Jam jars

You think jam jars are the best things that could be made from transparent wood. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things would be no good. Also, tell the others which is the most useless of these (and why): iPhone screens, windows or car windscreens.

Role D - Car windscreens

You think car windscreens are the best things that could be made from transparent wood. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things would be no good. Also, tell the others which is the most useless of these (and why): iPhone screens, jam jars or windows.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'see' and 'through'.

see	through

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

• way	• boiled
• lives	 disappeared
whole	• left
• extract	• less
 surprised 	infancy
• some	• much

WOOD SURVEY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Write five GOOD questions about wood in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- · Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

WOOD DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What springs to mind when you hear the word 'wood'?
- 3. What do you think about what you read?
- 4. What could we use transparent wood for?
- 5. Why might transparent wood be better than glass?
- 6. Will demand for transparent wood mean a bigger danger to forests?
- 7. How good would unbreakable mobile phone screens be?
- 8. How big an innovation do you think this is?
- 9. What do we need glass for?
- 10. What other things would you like to be transparent?

Scientists make see-through wood – 19th May, 2016 Thousands more free lessons at www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com

WOOD DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of the process the scientists used?
- 13. How dangerous is glass?
- 14. When do you think we will start using transparent wood?
- 15. How useful is wood?
- 16. In what ways might glass be better than transparent wood?
- 17. Would you prefer to have transparent wood or glass?
- 18. What would a house built from transparent wood be like?
- 19. What will the transparent wood industry look like in 50 years?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the researchers?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

_					
_					
_					
-ight	© www.BreakingNewsEng				
	CUSSION (
S		(Write y	our ow	n ques	tions)
S	CUSSION ((Write y	our ow	n ques	tions)
S	CUSSION ((Write y	our ow	n ques	tions)
S	CUSSION ((Write y	our ow	n ques	tions)
S	CUSSION ((Write y	our ow	n ques	tions)
S	CUSSION ((Write y	our ow	n ques	tions)

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

Scie	ntists	have come (1)		with a revolu	utiona	ry new use fo	r woo	d. They have
devis	sed a	(2) to ma	ke it	transparent. T	his co	ould totally cha	nge t	the way many
thing	js in	our lives are ι	ısed	and made. S	ee-thi	rough wood co	ould	(3) day
repla	ce gla	ass and be used	in wi	ndows and tal	oles, f	or iPhone scre	ens, a	and in a whole
(4)	(of other building	g mat	erials. The inr	novati	on has come f	rom r	esearchers at
the !	Unive	rsity of Marylan	d in	the USA. The	у ехр	erimented with	n diffe	erent ways to
(5)		the chemicals	from	wood that give	ve it	colour. Resear	cher	Liangbing Hu
said:	"We	were very surp	rised	by how transp	oaren [.]	t it could go. T	his ca	an really open
appli	cation	ns that can (6) $_{ extstyle -}$		replace glass a	and so	ome optical ma	terial	s."
— .					<i>.</i>			
		rchers worked v droxido and oth				•		•
		droxide and oth es wood its col						
	_	colourless cells,			-	_	-	
		vood is a lot s		-			-	
	_	(10) the	_		_			
	_	and the proces			_			
` '		t range in thic		•	•		•	
rese	archei	rs will now focus	s (12)	applyin	g the	process on a n	nuch	larger scale.
	_ =				_			
		orrect words f						
1.	(a)	up	(b)	down	(c)	over	(d)	by
2.	(a)	how	(b)	mean	(c)	way	(d)	chance
3.	(a)	once	(b)	only	(c)	one	(d)	own
4.	(a)	testament	(b)	allotment	(c)	assorted	(d)	assortment
5.	(a)	extract	(b)	exact	(c)	expect	(d)	extant
6.	(a)	potential	(b)	potentially	(c)	portent	(d)	potent
7.	(a)	chemistry	(b)	chemists	(c)	chemical	(d)	chemicals
8.	(a)	while	(b)	during	(c)	along	(d)	between
9.	(a)	among	(b)	between	(c)	behind	(d)	front
10.	(a)	as	(b)	with	(c)	by	(d)	against
11.	(a)	infant	(b)	infanticide	(c)	infants	(d)	infancy
12.	(a)	to	(b)	on	(c)	as	(d)	from

SPELLING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. devised a way to make it <u>rsnattpenar</u>
- 2. a whole ssetaomrtn of other building materials
- 3. The nyanoiiotn has come from researchers
- 4. different ways to rctxeta the chemicals
- 5. applications that can <u>lintyapltoe</u> replace glass
- 6. some paitclo materials

Paragraph 2

- 7. A <u>ocelumel</u> called lignin
- 8. which <u>eifeflycevt</u> made the wood
- 9. better at <u>stgnaluiin</u> against the cold
- 10. it is oibdegaelabdr
- 11. research is still in its ynicnaf
- 12. <u>alpgpniy</u> the process on a much larger scale

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

()	day replace glass and be used in windows and tables, for iPhone screens, and in a whole assortment of other building
()	with different ways to extract the chemicals from wood that give it colour. Researcher Liangbing Hu said: "We were
()	only be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks of wood that range in thickness between paper-
()	thin and a centimeter thick. The researchers will now focus on applying the process on a much larger scale.
(1)	Scientists have come up with a revolutionary new use for wood. They have devised a way to make it
()	materials. The innovation has come from researchers at the University of Maryland in the USA. They experimented
()	hydroxide and other chemicals for about two hours. A molecule called lignin, which gives wood its colour, disappeared
()	at insulating against the cold and it is biodegradable. Research is still in its infancy and the process can currently
()	the wood transparent. The see-through wood is a lot stronger and less dangerous than glass. It is better
()	during the boiling process. This left behind colourless cells, which effectively made
()	applications that can potentially replace glass and some optical materials."
()	The researchers worked with a small block of linden wood. They boiled it in water, sodium
()	very surprised by how transparent it could go. This can really open
()	transparent. This could totally change the way many things in our lives are used and made. See-through wood could one

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

- 1. new use for wood Scientists have come up with a revolutionary .
- 2. have make devised it a transparent way They to .
- 3. extract to ways Different wood from chemicals the .
- 4. could were by it We surprised transparent go very how .
- 5. that potentially glass applications can replace Open .
- 6. with block wood worked small linden researchers a of The .
- 7. The dangerous less and stronger lot a is wood through see .
- 8. the cold It is better at insulating against .
- 9. thickness between paper thin and a centimeter thick Range in .
- 10. scale applying on larger on process much Focus the a .

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Scientists have come *down / up* with a revolutionary new use for wood. They have *devised / revised* a way to make it transparent. This could *total / totally* change the way many things in our lives are used and made. Seethrough wood could *one / only* day replace glass and be used in windows and tables, for iPhone screens, and in a whole *assorted / assortment* of other building materials. The *innovation / innovative* has come from researchers at the University of Maryland in the USA. They experimented with different ways to *extant / extract* the chemicals from wood that give it colour. Researcher Liangbing Hu said: "We were very *surprising / surprised* by how transparent it could go. This can *really / real* open applications that can potentially replace glass and some *optical / optician* materials."

The researchers worked with a small block of linden wood. They boiled it *in / by* water, sodium hydroxide and other *chemical / chemicals* for about two hours. A molecule called lignin, which *gives / giving* wood its colour, disappeared during the boiling *pretext / process*. This left behind colourless cells, which effectively made the wood *transparency / transparent*. The seethrough wood is a lot *stronger / strength* and less dangerous than glass. It is better at *insulating / insulated* against the cold and it is biodegradable. Research is still in its *infancy / fancy* and the process can currently only be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks of wood that *large / range* in thickness between paper-thin and a centimeter thick. The researchers will now focus *on / at* applying the process on a much larger scale.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

 $\label{eq:sc_nt_sts} Sc__nt_sts \ h_v_ \ c_m__p \ w_th \ _ \ r_v_l_t__n_ry \ n_w$ $_s_$ f_r w__d. Th_y h_v_ d_v_s_d _ w_y t_ m_k_ _t tr nsp r nt. Th s c ld t t lly ch ng th w y m ny th_ngs _n __r l_v_s _r_ _s_d _nd m_d_. S__-thr__gh w__d c__ld _n_ d_y r_pl_c_ gl_ss _nd b_ _s_d _n w_nd_ws _nd t_bl_s, f_r _Ph_n_ scr__ns, _nd _n _ wh_l_ ss_rtm_nt _f _th_r b__ld_ng m_t_r__ls. Th_ _nn_v_t__n h_s c_m_ fr_m r_s__rch_rs _t th_ _n_v_rs_ty _f M_ryl_nd _n th_ _S_. Th_y xprm nt d w th d ffr nt w ys t xtr ct th ch_m_c_ls fr_m w__d th_t g_v_ _t c_l__r. R_s__rch_r L__ngb_ng H_ s__d: "W_ w_r_ v_ry s_rpr_s_d by h_w tr_nsp_r_nt _t c__ld g_. Th_s c_n r__lly _p_n _ppl_c_t__ns th_t c_n p_t_nt__lly r_pl_c_ gl_ss _nd s_m_ pt_c_l m_t_r__ls." Th_ r_s__rch_rs w_rk_d w_th _ sm_II bl_ck _f l_nd_n w_d . Th_y b__l_d _t _n w_t_r, s_d__m hydr_x_d_ _nd _th_r ch_m_c_ls f_r _b__t tw_ h__rs. _ m_l_c_l_ c_ll_d l_gn_n, wh_ch g_v_s w__d _ts c_l__r, d_s_pp__r_d d_r_ng th_ b__l_ng pr_c_ss. Th_s l_ft b_h_nd c_l__rl_ss c_lls, wh_ch _ff_ct_v_ly m_d_ th_ w__d tr_nsp_r_nt. Th_ s__-thr__gh w__d _s _ l_t str_ng_r _nd l_ss d_ng_r__s th_n gl_ss. _t _s b_tt_r _t _ns_l_t_ng _g__nst th_ c_ld _nd _t _s b__d_gr_d_bl_. R_s_rch _s st_II _n _ts _nf_ncy _nd th_ pr_c_ss c_n c_rr_ntly _nly b_ d_n_ _n 10cm by 10cm bl_cks _f w__d th t r ng n th ckn ss b tw n p p r-th n nd cntmtrthck. Thrs rchrswllnwfcs n _pply_ng th_ pr_c_ss _n _ m_ch l_rg_r sc_l_.

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

 $\textbf{From} \quad \underline{\text{http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html} \\$

scientists have come up with a revolutionary new use for wood they have devised a way to make it transparent this could totally change the way many things in our lives are used and made see-through wood could one day replace glass and be used in windows and tables for iphone screens and in a whole assortment of other building materials the innovation has come from researchers at the university of maryland in the usa they experimented with different ways to extract the chemicals from wood that give it colour researcher liangbing hu said "we were very surprised by how transparent it could go this can really open applications that can potentially replace glass and some optical materials"

the researchers worked with a small block of linden wood they boiled it in water sodium hydroxide and other chemicals for about two hours a molecule called lignin which gives wood its colour disappeared during the boiling process this left behind colourless cells which effectively made the wood transparent the see-through wood is a lot stronger and less dangerous than glass it is better at insulating against the cold and it is biodegradable research is still in its infancy and the process can currently only be done on 10cm by 10cm blocks of wood that range in thickness between paper-thin and a centimeter thick the researchers will now focus on applying the process on a much larger scale

PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1605/160519-transparent-wood.html

Scientistshavecomeupwitharevolutionarynewuseforwood. They hav edevisedawaytomakeittransparent. This could totally change the way manythingsinourlivesareusedandmade. See-throughwoodcouldon edayreplaceglassandbeusedinwindowsandtables, for iPhonescreens, andinawholeassortmentofotherbuildingmaterials. The innovation has comefromresearchersattheUniversityofMarylandintheUSA.Theyexp erimentedwithdifferentwaystoextractthechemicalsfromwoodthatgi veitcolour.ResearcherLiangbingHusaid:"Wewereverysurprisedbyho wtransparentitcouldgo. This can really open applications that can poten tiallyreplaceglassandsomeopticalmaterials."Theresearchersworked withasmallblockoflindenwood. Theyboiled it inwater, so diumhydroxid eandotherchemicalsforabouttwohours. Amolecule called lignin, which giveswooditscolour, disappeared during the boiling process. This left be hindcolourlesscells, which effectively made the wood transparent. Thes ee-throughwoodisalotstrongerandlessdangerousthanglass.Itisbett eratinsulatingagainstthecoldanditisbiodegradable.Researchisstillini tsinfancyandtheprocesscancurrentlyonlybedoneon10cmby10cmblo cksofwoodthatrangeinthicknessbetweenpaper-thinandacentimet erthick. Theresearchers will now focus on applying the process on a much largerscale.

FREE WRITING

Write about transparent wood for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.					

ACADEMIC WRITING

Transparent wood is better than glass. Discuss.				

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about the research on transparent wood. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. WOOD:** Make a poster about wood. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. TRANSPARENT WOOD:** Write a magazine article about transparent wood replacing glass. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on trees. Ask him/her three questions about transparent. Give him/her three of your concerns about how transparent wood might be bad for the environment. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

TRUE / FALSE (p.4)

at bt cFdT eFfT gFhF

SYNONYM MATCH (p.4)

- 1. come up with
- 2. revolutionary
- 3. totally
- 4. extract
- 5. replace
- 6. block
- 7. transparent
- 8. insulating
- 9. infancy
- 10. applying

- a. create
- b. innovative
- c. completely
- d. remove
- e. substitute
- f. chunk
- g. clear
- h. protecting
- i. early stages
- j. carrying out

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.8)

- 1. Scientists
- 2. iPhone screens
- 3. The University of Maryland
- 4. Colour
- 5. Optical materials
- 6. Linden wood
- 7. Around 2 hours
- 8. Colourless cells
- 9. Insulating
- 10. Paper thin

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.9)

1. b 2. c 3. d 4. b 5. a 6. a 7. d 8. c 9. d 10. b

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)